



**EUROTHERM  
DRIVES**

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# **6053/6055**

# **Ethernet Communications**

# **Interface**

Technical Manual

HA468030U001 Issue 1

Compatible with Version 1.x Software

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# Safety Information



Please read this information **BEFORE** installing the equipment.

## Intended Users

This manual is to be made available to all persons who are required to install, configure or service equipment described herein, or any other associated operation.

The information given is intended to highlight safety issues, and to enable the user to obtain maximum benefit from the equipment.

## Application Area

The equipment described is intended for industrial motor speed control utilising AC induction or AC synchronous machines.

## Personnel

Installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment should be carried out by qualified personnel. A qualified person is someone who is technically competent and familiar with all safety information and established safety practices; with the installation process, operation and maintenance of this equipment; and with all the hazards involved.

**REFER TO YOUR MAIN PRODUCT MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC SAFETY INFORMATION ABOUT THE DEVICE YOU ARE CONTROLLING**

## Acknowledgements

ConfigEd Lite, CE Lite is a registered trademark of Eurotherm Drives, Inc.

ProWORX NXT is a registered trademark of Schneider Electric Inc.

RSLogix 5000 is a registered trademark of Allen-Bradley Inc.

### IMPORTANT

Users are required to have CE LITE and ProWORX NXT or RSLogix 5000 installed on a computer and have a working knowledge of these software packages.

### WARRANTY

Eurotherm Drives warrants the goods against defects in design, materials and workmanship for the period of 12 months from the date of delivery on the terms detailed in Eurotherm Drives Standard Conditions of Sale IA058393C.

Eurotherm Drives reserves the right to change the content and product specification without notice.

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# ETHERNET TECHNOLOGY OPTION

## System Overview

### Product Features

- Compact: 127mm (5) H x 76.2mm (3) W x 25.4mm (1) D - (inches)
- Plug-in installation to drive
- Suitable for use with drive models:
  - 590+ software version >7.1; 690+ software version >4.7
- Connection using serial cable (shielded twisted pair)
- LED's to indicate board and communications status
- 10 / 100 M bits/s
- Default Slave Address allows switch selectable I/P address.
- Slave Address can be set using MicroSoft Internet Explorer.
- Supported protocols ModBus/TCP and Ethernet/IP

### Product Code and Contents

The Eurotherm Drives' product is fully identified using an alphanumeric code which records how the product was assembled, and its various settings when despatched from the factory.

The Technology Option can be supplied with the drive product, or supplied separately:

Product	Product Code when supplied with the Drive	Product Code when supplied separately
690+B	690PB/xxxx/xxx/x/x/xxxx/xxxx/xxxx/ETH/xxxx/xxxx/xxxx	6053/ETH/00 - plug-in Technology Box
690+C-J	690P/xxxx/xxx/xxxx/xx/xxx/ ETH /xxx/xxx/xx/xxx/xxx	6055/ETH /00 - plug-in Technology Box
590+	590P/xxxx/xxx/xxxx/xx/xxx/ ETH /xxx/xxx	6055/ETH /00 - plug-in Technology Box
591P	591P/xxxx/xxx/xxxx/xx/xxx/ ETH /xxx/xxx	6055/ETH /00 - plug-in Technology Box

### CELite Requirements

Software version: 5.17 or higher.

## Hardware Installation

### Installing and Connecting the Ethernet Technology Option

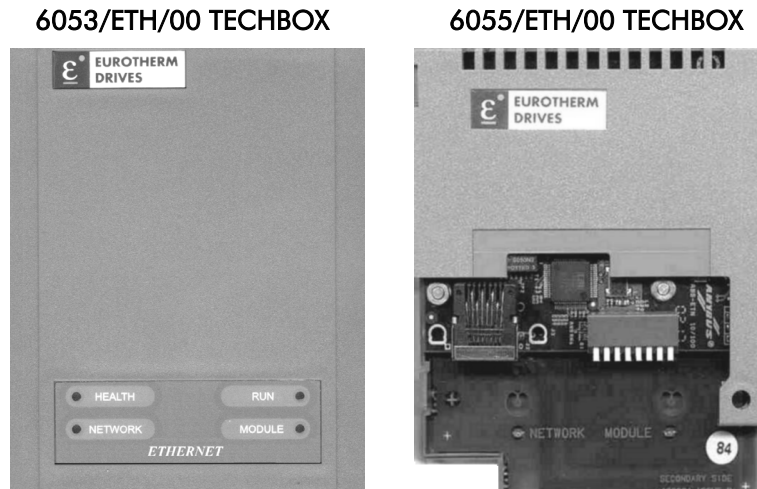


Figure 1. The Ethernet Technology Options

**WARNING!**

Prior to starting work ensure all sources of power are isolated.

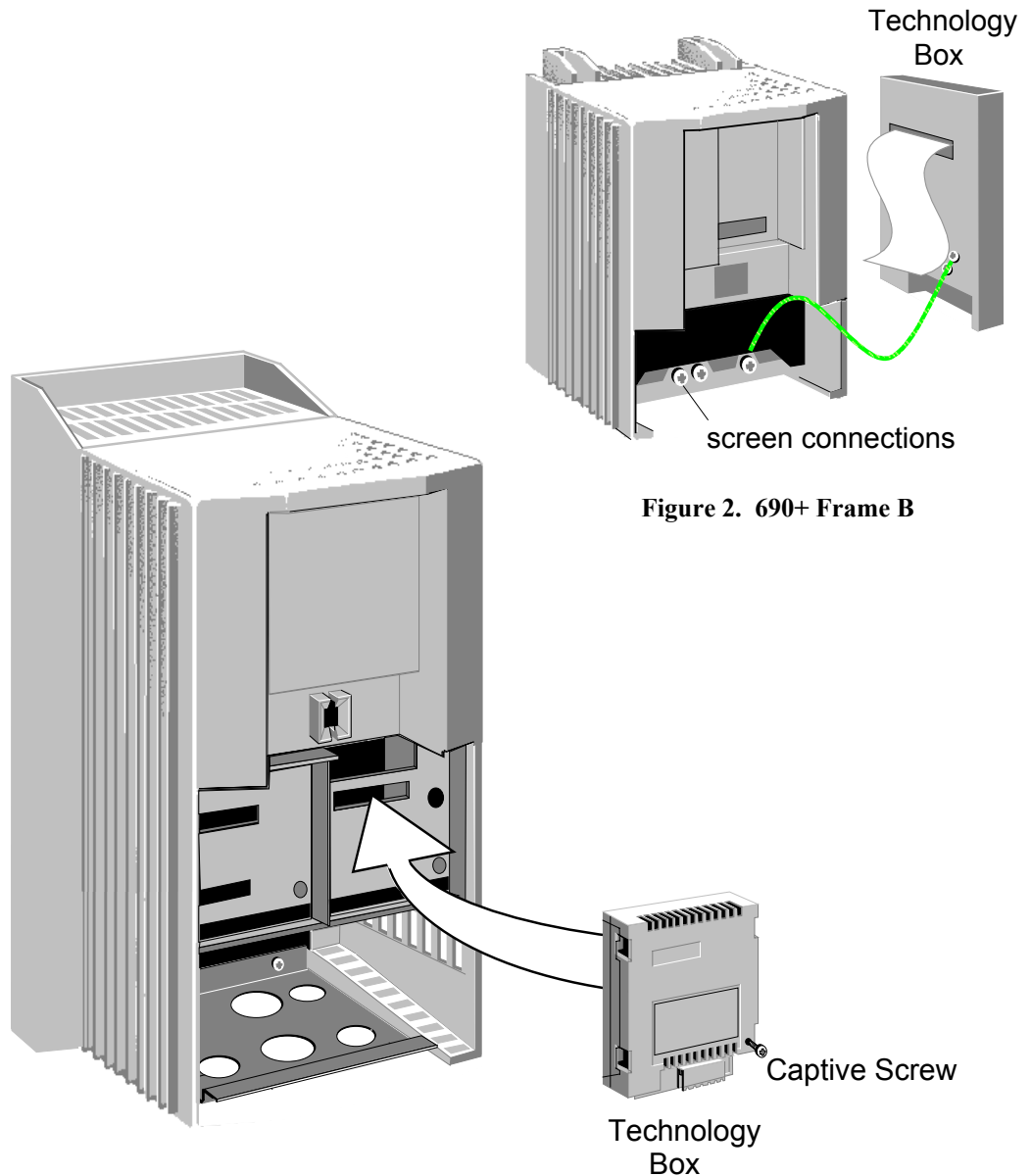
The Ethernet Technology Option plugs into the drive in the slot provided.

**Frame B**

Fit the Technology Option in place of the Keypad. Connect the supplied yellow/green wire between the Technology Option's metal case and one of the chassis earth pillars. Fit a 6052 Remote Mounting Kit to use the keypad with the drive while the Technology Option is installed. Refer to Figure 2.

**Frames C - J**

Fit the Technology Option in the right-hand "Comms Option" position. Refer to Figure 3.



**Figure 2. 690+ Frame B**

**Figure 3. 690+ frames C-J, 605C, 590+, 590+DRV (590+ 15A unit illustrated)**

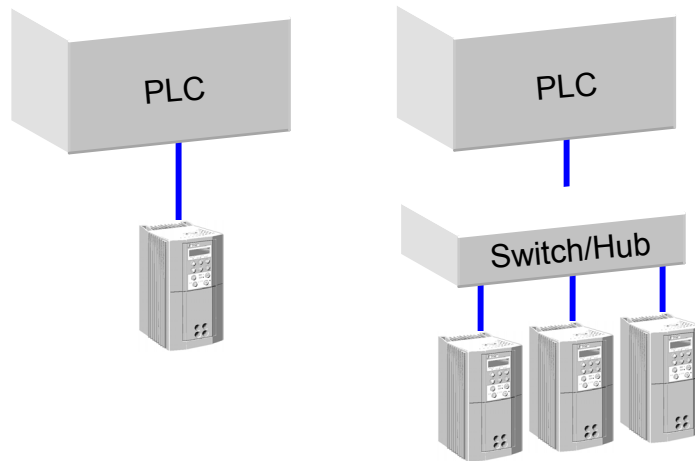
## Connection Diagram

**WARNING!**

Before installing, ensure that the drive wiring is electrically isolated and cannot be made "live" unintentionally by other personnel.  
Wait 5 minutes after disconnecting power before working on any part of the system or removing the covers from the drive.

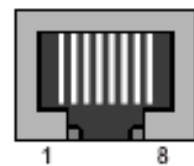
Connection to the drive(s) from a PC, or PLC for example, is made using a cable fitted with standard RJ45 connectors at both ends. The cable plugs into the PLC, for example, and into the socket on the Ethernet techbox.

**Note:** When connecting to one drive direct from PC/PLC, you must use a crossover cable.



### RJ45 (Standard) Pin Details











Pin	Signal
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	Termination
5	Termination
6	RD-
7	Termination
8	Termination



### Cable Specifications

Cable Type	Maximum Node-to-Node Distance (m)
CAT5	100
CAT5E	100

## Understanding the LED Indications

Network LED			Module LED		
Indicates the state of the connected network. The states indicated are those produced by the NET STATE parameter of the TEC OPTION function block.			Indicates the set-up state of the Technology Option. The states indicated are those produced by the FAULT parameter of the TEC OPTION function block.		
Network LED Indication		NET STATE Parameter	Module LED Indication		FAULT Parameter
ON 	0	CONNECTED	ON 	0	NONE
LONG FLASH 	1	reserved	LONG FLASH 	1	PARAMETER
FLASH 	2	reserved	FLASH 	2	TYPE MISMATCH
SHORT FLASH 	3	NOT CONNECTED	SHORT FLASH 	3	SELF TEST
OFF 	4	DISABLED	OFF 	4	HARDWARE
	5	INITIALISING			

**Figure 4. LED Status Indication**

**Note:** The NETWORK LED is always in the OFF State when the MODULE LED is **not** ON.

### Initial Power-on Checks

With the TechBox correctly fitted and configured the MODULE LED will be ON continuously and the NETWORK LED will flash to indicate the Not Connected state.

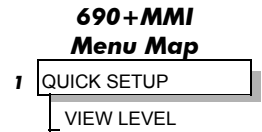
# Configuring the Drive

Begin by configuring the drive to accept the Technology Option. Use the keypad (MMI), or ConfigEd Lite to configure the TEC OPTION function block parameters inside the drive before commissioning the Ethernet technology option.

The parameter names and functions in this function block are inter-dependent and will change with different parameter values and various Options that can be fitted.

Fit the Ethernet option to the drive:

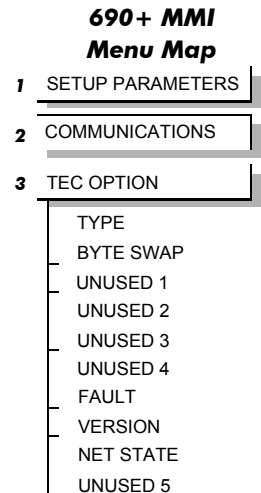
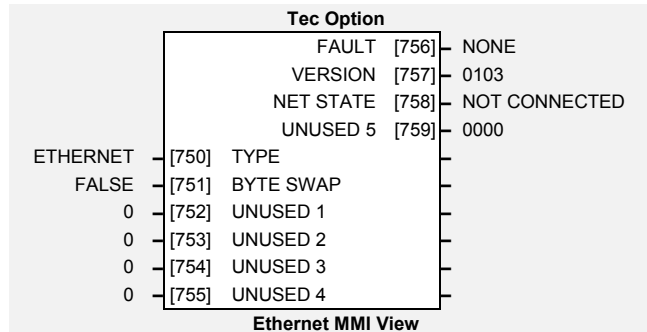
- Navigate to the VIEW LEVEL parameter and select ADVANCED. This allows you to view the SETUP PARAMETERS menu.
- In the SETUP PARAMETERS menu, navigate to the TEC OPTION menu and set the TYPE parameter to "ETHERNET".



*Note:* When using the MMI, remember to save the set-up via the Parameter Save or Config Save menu.

## The Ethernet MMI View

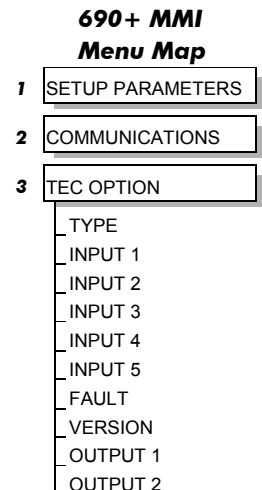
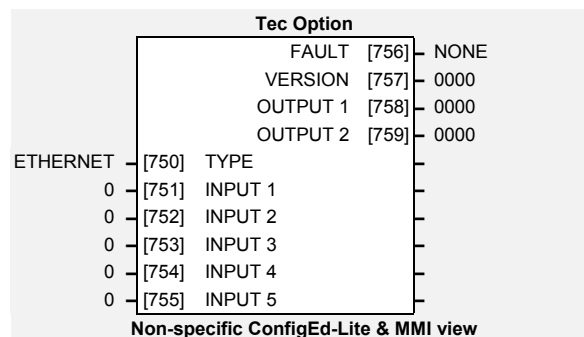
With the Ethernet option correctly installed, the TEC OPTION function block will contain the following parameter names when viewed using the MMI.



## The Non-specific ConfigEd-Lite & MMI View

This is how the TEC OPTION function block looks when viewed using ConfigEd-Lite.

The MMI also displays these non-specific parameter names when the Ethernet option is not yet installed into the drive, or an incorrect TYPE is selected for the fitted Option.



## Parameter Descriptions

### TYPE

Range: Enumerated - see below

Selects the type of Technology Option. Select ETHERNET for this parameter.

Enumerated Value : Technology Option

- 0 : NONE
- 1 : RS485
- 2 : PROFIBUS DP
- 3 : LINK
- 4 : DEVICENET
- 5 : CANOPEN
- 6 : LONWORKS
- 7 : CONTROLNET
- 8 : MODBUS PLUS
- 9 : ETHERNET

### BYTE SWAP

Range: FALSE / TRUE

When this parameter to set TRUE, the byte order is swapped for each 16-bit value being transferred. This typically is required when using the ETHERNET/IP protocol connected to an Allen Bradley PLC.

When using MODBUS TCP/IP protocol, set this parameter to FALSE.

### UNUSED 1-4

Reserved for future use.

### FAULT

Range: Enumerated - see below

The fault state of the Technology Option.

Enumerated Value : FAULT state

- |                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 : NONE          | no faults                          |
| 1 : PARAMETER     | parameter out-of-range             |
| 2 : TYPE MISMATCH | TYPE parameter not set to ETHERNET |
| 3 : SELF TEST     | hardware fault - internal          |
| 4 : HARDWARE      | hardware fault - external          |
| 5 : MISSING       | no option fitted                   |

### VERSION

Range: 0000 to FFFF

The version of the Technology Option card. If no option is fitted then the version is reset to zero. For example, 0103 is version 1.3.

### NET STATE

Range: Enumerated - see below

State of the Ethernet network connection.

Enumerated Value : NET STATE

- 0 : CONNECTED
- 1 : NOT CONNECTED
- 2 : DISABLED

### UNUSED 5

Reserved for future use.

**Note:** You can use the functionality of any of the drive's internal Function Blocks with the Technology Option. In some cases, the 590+ drive may require you to use the MiniLINK function block to achieve proper triggering of other function blocks.

**IMPORTANT:** When using ConfigEd Lite, install the configuration into the drive through the P3 port (RS232 configuration port) using the Command/Install pull-down menu. The configuration is saved directly to the Drive's internal memory. For more details on installing a configuration, refer to the ConfigEd Lite Instruction Manual (RG352747).

# Commissioning the Ethernet Technology Option

## Configuring the IP address

When the Technology Option is shipped from the factory, all the switches are in the OFF position. The Technology Option will read the switches during initialization. The position of these switches determine how the IP address can be configured.

The IP address can be configured using one of three methods:

### 1 Configure IP Address using DIL Switches

If the switches are set to a non-zero value the address will come from the DIL switches.

The Subnet mask and Gateway addresses are fixed to the following values:

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0  
Gateway address: 0.0.0.0

The eight position DIL switch represents the binary value of the last byte of the IP address:

Example IP address: 192.168.0.20 where the switches are set to 00010100 (decimal 20)

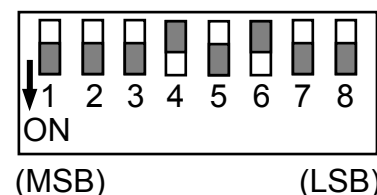


Figure 3. IP Address Selector Switch

### 2 Configure IP Address using Internet Explorer

**Note:** The IP address can be configured via the intranet using Internet Explorer™ (version 5.5 or higher). It is possible to use other web browsers, but for our example we will be using Internet Explorer version 6™.

If all switches are in the OFF position (zero value), the IP address will be read from the flash memory that is configured with Internet Explorer™.

1. Set a temporary IP address using the DIL switches. This provides an IP address on the Technology Option. For example, set IP address 192.168.0.20. Refer to Figure 3.
2. Temporarily change the computer's Internet protocol properties to gain access to the intranet that is used with Technology Option. This example will use IP address 192.168.0.1. Refer to Figure 4.

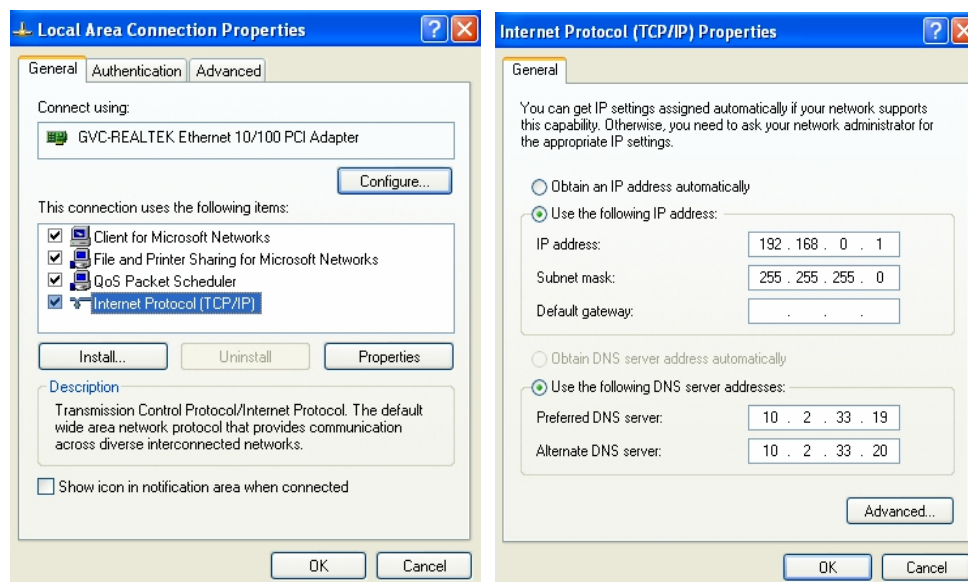


Figure 4. Internet Protocol Properties

- Launch Internet Explorer™.
- Go to the intranet address that was set by the DIL switches. The screen shown in Figure 5 will be displayed. Input the desired IP address and Store Configuration.

**Note:** The Gateway address will need to be set if access from another sub-network is required.

**Figure 5. Configuration Web Page**

- Restore all the DIL switches to the OFF position (zero value).

The flash memory in the Technology Box is now programmed. When the Technology Box is initialised on the next power-up cycle, the IP address will come from flash memory, provided that the DIL switches are set to the OFF position (zero value).

### 3 Using the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

The IP address can be changed during runtime using the ARP command from a PC. The new IP address will be stored in the FLASH.

Below is an example on how to change the IP address from a MS DOS™ window:

```
arp -s <IP address> <MAC address>
ping <IP address>
arp -d <IP address>
```

The arp -s command will store the IP and MAC addresses in the PC's ARP table. When the ping command is executed, the PC sends this information to the module using the MAC address. The module detects that it was addressed with the correct MAC address and adopts the IP address sent by the PC. (The arp -d command is optional, but it removes the static route from the PC ARP table).

This method can be used to reconfigure modules that have already been configured, or even to reconfigure modules outside the host's subnet.

The MAC address is printed on a label on the bottom side of the module.

**Note:** As the Arp command automatically configures the subnet mask to 255.255.255.0, the first three bytes of the IP address must be the same as for the PC executing the command.

**Example:**

```
PC - 10.10.12.67
Module- 10.10.12.x (Where x is a value between 1 and 254)
```

## 590 + Point to Point I/O

Point-to-Point I/O connections enable several parameter values to be passed in one transaction. The connections are predefined sets of parameters.

Eurotherm Drives has predefined an assembly object. They are defined on the following pages. These sets are specific to Eurotherm Drives products.

The following table provides a summary of the bytes that are transferred.

Read/Write	Number of bytes transferred	Drives applicable
Read	20	590+
Write	20	590+

### Access: Read from Technology Option

590+				
Bytes	Description	Drive Tag Number	Range	
0, 1	Sequence Status	537	0000 - FFFF	
2	Bit-field:			
	Bit Number:			
	0	User Defined Logic 1 (PNO 112)	Indirect 312 <sup>1</sup>	Binary
	1	User Defined Logic 2 (PNO 113)	Indirect 313 <sup>1</sup>	Binary
	2	User Defined Logic 3 (PNO 114)	Indirect 314 <sup>1</sup>	Binary
	3	User Defined Logic 4 (PNO 115)	Indirect 315 <sup>1</sup>	Binary
	4	User Defined Logic 5 (PNO 116)	Indirect 316 <sup>1</sup>	Binary
	5	User Defined Logic 6 (PNO 117)	Indirect 317 <sup>1</sup>	Binary
	6	User Defined Logic 7 (PNO 118)	Indirect 318 <sup>1</sup>	Binary
7	User Defined Logic 8 (PNO 119)	Indirect 319 <sup>1</sup>	Binary	
3	Reserved			
4, 5	User Defined Value 1 (PNO 120)	Indirect 320 <sup>1</sup>	Tag Dependent	
6, 7	User Defined Value 2 (PNO 121)	Indirect 321 <sup>1</sup>	Tag Dependent	
8, 9	User Defined Value 3 (PNO 122)	Indirect 322 <sup>1</sup>	Tag Dependent	
10, 11	User Defined Value 4 (PNO 123)	Indirect 323 <sup>1</sup>	Tag Dependent	
12, 13	User Defined Value 5 (PNO 124)	Indirect 324 <sup>1</sup>	Tag Dependent	
14, 15	User Defined Value 6 (PNO 125)	Indirect 325 <sup>1</sup>	Tag Dependent	
16, 17	User Defined Value 7 (PNO 126)	Indirect 326 <sup>1</sup>	Tag Dependent	
18, 19	User Defined Value 8 (PNO 127)	Indirect 327 <sup>1</sup>	Tag Dependent	

1. Tags 312 to 323 are indirect parameters. Their values are destination tag numbers for Ethernet data. For example, if the value of Tag 320 (PNO 120) is 2, then the value of User Defined Value 1 (bytes 4,5) will be read from Tag 2 (RAMP ACCEL TIME). If some of the User Defined parameters are not required, the corresponding destination tag numbers should be set to 0.
2. Refer to Appendix C for Sequence Status and Remote Sequence details.

**Access: Write to Technology Option**

590+				
Bytes	Description	Drive Tag Number	Range	
0, 1	Remote Sequence	536 <sup>1</sup>	0000 to FFFF	
2	Bit-field:			
	Bit Number			
	0	User Defined Logic 1 (miniLINK LOGIC 1)	346	Binary
	1	User Defined Logic 2 (miniLINK LOGIC 2)	347	Binary
	2	User Defined Logic 3 (miniLINK LOGIC 3)	348	Binary
	3	User Defined Logic 4 (miniLINK LOGIC 4)	349	Binary
	4	User Defined Logic 5 (miniLINK LOGIC 5)	350	Binary
	5	User Defined Logic 6 (miniLINK LOGIC 6)	351	Binary
	6	User Defined Logic 7 (miniLINK LOGIC 7)	352	Binary
	7	User Defined Logic 8 (miniLINK LOGIC 8)	353	Binary
3	Reserved			
4, 5	User Defined Value 1 (miniLINK VALUE 1)	339	± 100%	
6, 7	User Defined Value 2 (miniLINK VALUE 2)	340	± 100%	
8, 9	User Defined Value 3 (miniLINK VALUE 3)	341	± 100%	
10, 11	User Defined Value 4 (miniLINK VALUE 4)	342	± 100%	
12, 13	User Defined Value 5 (miniLINK VALUE 5)	343	± 100%	
14, 15	User Defined Value 6 (miniLINK VALUE 6)	344	± 100%	
16, 17	User Defined Value 7 (miniLINK VALUE 7)	345	± 100%	
18, 19	User Defined Value 8 (miniLINK VALUE 8)	379	± 100%	

1. Tag 536 functions only when REM SEQ ENABLE (Tag 535) is TRUE.

2. Refer to Appendix C for Sequence Status and Remote Sequence details.

## 690+ Point to Point I/O Connection

Point-to-Point I/O connections enable several parameter values to be passed in one transaction. Lists of parameters to be written to the drive and read from it are predefined.

TechBox parameters are detailed below; the parameters are specific to Eurotherm Drives products. These indicate the drive tag number that is accessed in each case.

The following table provides a summary of the bytes that are transferred.

Read/Write	Number of bytes transferred	Drives applicable
Read	36	690+
Write	36	690+

Lists of parameters to be written to and from the drive are accessed through Preset Block 5, Preset Block 6, Preset blocks 7, Preset 8, Demux block 1 and Mux block 1. The user is able to link these function blocks to achieve the desired operation. The following tables provide a description of the parameters that are accessed.

Refer to Appendix C for Comms Status and Comms Command details.

### Access: Read from TechBox

690+			
Bytes	Description	Drive Tag Number	Range
0,1	Comms Status	272	0000 to FFFF
2,3	Mux 1 Output	598	0000 to FFFF
4,5	Preset 7::Input 0	543	-327.68 to 327.67
6,7	Preset 7::Input 1	544	-327.68 to 327.67
8,9	Preset 7::Input 2	545	-327.68 to 327.67
10,11	Preset 7::Input 3	546	-327.68 to 327.67
12,13	Preset 7::Input 4	547	-327.68 to 327.67
14,15	Preset 7::Input 5	548	-327.68 to 327.67
16,17	Preset 7::Input 6	549	-327.68 to 327.67
18,19	Preset 7::Input 7	550	-327.68 to 327.67
20,21	Preset 5::Input 0	521	-327.68 to 327.67
22,23	Preset 5::Input 1	522	-327.68 to 327.67
24,25	Preset 5::Input 2	523	-327.68 to 327.67
26,27	Preset 5::Input 3	524	-327.68 to 327.67
28,29	Preset 5::Input 4	525	-327.68 to 327.67
30,31	Preset 5::Input 5	526	-327.68 to 327.67
32,33	Preset 5::Input 6	527	-327.68 to 327.67
34,35	Preset 5::Input 7	528	-327.68 to 327.67

Refer to Appendix C for Comms Status and Comms Command details.

**Access: Write to TechBox**

690+			
Bytes	Description	Drive Tag Number	Range
0,1	Comms Command	271	0000 to FFFF
2,3	Demux 1::Input	599	0000 to FFFF
4,5	Preset 8::Input 0	554	-327.68 to 327.67
6,7	Preset 8::Input 1	555	-327.68 to 327.67
8,9	Preset 8::Input 2	556	-327.68 to 327.67
10,11	Preset 8::Input 3	557	-327.68 to 327.67
12,13	Preset 8::Input 4	558	-327.68 to 327.67
14,15	Preset 8::Input 5	559	-327.68 to 327.67
16,17	Preset 8::Input 6	560	-327.68 to 327.67
18,19	Preset 8::Input 7	561	-327.68 to 327.67
20,21	Preset 6::Input 0	532	-327.68 to 327.67
22,23	Preset 6::Input 1	533	-327.68 to 327.67
24,25	Preset 6::Input 2	534	-327.68 to 327.67
26,27	Preset 6::Input 3	535	-327.68 to 327.67
28,29	Preset 6::Input 4	536	-327.68 to 327.67
30,31	Preset 6::Input 5	537	-327.68 to 327.67
32,33	Preset 6::Input 6	538	-327.68 to 327.67
34,35	Preset 6::Input 7	539	-327.68 to 327.67

Refer to Appendix C for Comms Status and Comms Command details.

**Network Break Strategy**

You can select what the “Write to TechBox” parameters are set to when the network is disconnected.

Set the behaviour using the COMMS TIMEOUT parameter in the COMMS CONTROL Function Block. Also refer to the 690+ Software Product Manual.

COMMS TIMEOUT = 0 Secs	When the connection is broken, all parameters being written to the Inverter from the PLC will be set to zero. The Inverter <b>will not</b> Trip.
COMMS TIMEOUT > 0 Secs	When the connection is broken, all parameters being written to the Inverter from the PLC will freeze at their last value. After the time specified by the COMMS TIMEOUT parameter has elapsed, the Inverter will Trip (COMMS TIMEOUT Trip).

## Configuring the PLC/SCADA Supervisor

This chapter contains examples for configuring a Modicon and an Allen-Bradley PLC. The Ethernet Technology Box supports the ModBus/TCP protocol and the Ethernet/IP protocol.

### Modicon Momentum

3. Start a new program and select the PLC processor and chassis type used in your project. Our example uses an M1 980-20 Momentum PLC. Stay offline until you are ready to download the program.
4. Place an MSTR block in the ladder logic. MSTR blocks move data from the PLC data table to the drive or from the drive to the PLC data table. Two MSTR blocks are necessary for a Read and Write operation.
5. Right click over the MSTR block. This will access the Register Editor. Use the Register Editor to configure the block. The MSTR block has two types of operations: Read or Write. The first register defines the type of operation. In our case address 40100 is used for write command and address 40200 is used for read command. A value of 1 in the data column defines a Write operation. A value of 2 in the data column defines a Read operation.

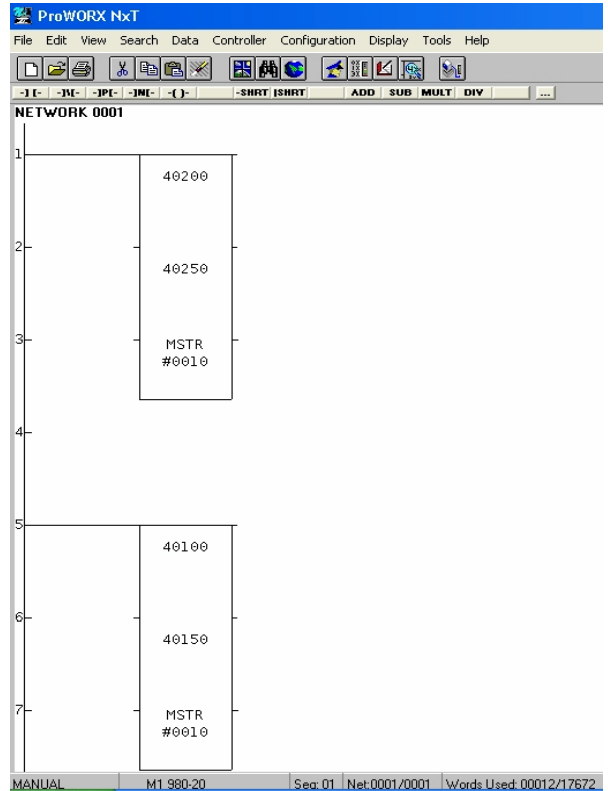


Figure 6. PLC Ladder Logic showing MSTR Blocks

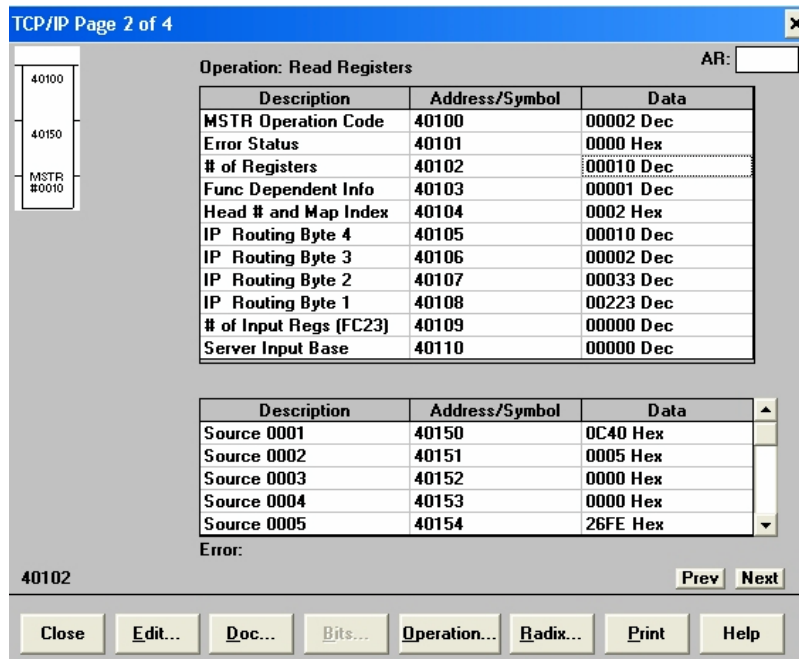
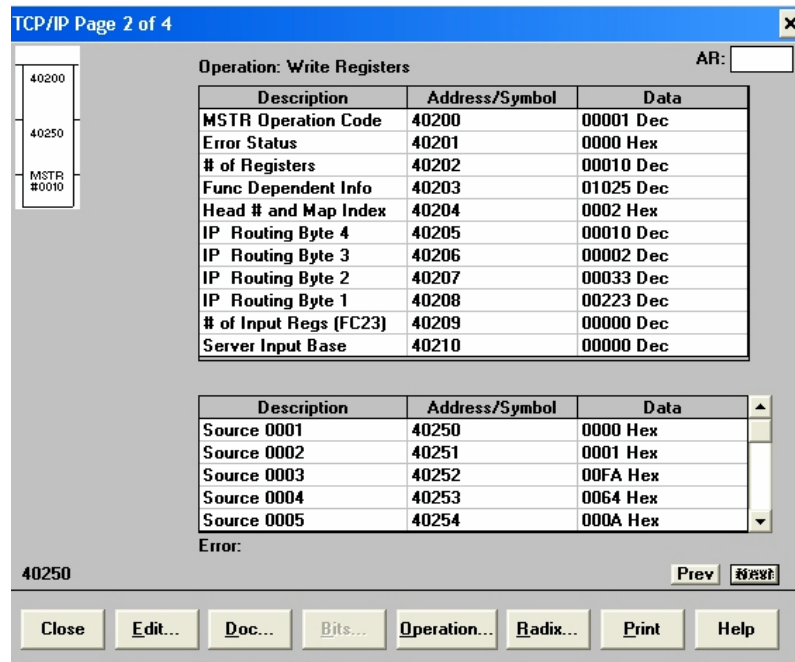


Figure 7. Read Registers



**Figure 8 Write Registers**

6. The second register contains the error status. Refer to Appendix A for a list of the error codes. The PLC software also has help files that contain a list of error codes.
7. The third register defines the data length (address 40102 or address 40202). The value in the data column depends on which parameter set that has been selected in the drive. The value can be smaller than or equal to the selected parameter set.
8. The fourth register defines the Read and Write locations of the data in the PLC (address 40103 or address 40203). For a Read function, this value is set to 1, and for a Write function this value is set to 1025.
9. Registers 5, 6, 7 and 8 define the IP address on the Ethernet network (address 40104 or address 40204). Our example shows the data registers starting at locations 40150 and 40250.
10. When using the ModBus/TCP protocol the TechBox needs to be programmed with the "BYTE SWAP" FALSE. This applies to Modicon products and other manufactures using the ModBus/TCP protocol.

## Allen Bradley ControlLogix

11. Start a new program and select the PLC processor and chassis type that is used in your project. Our example uses a 1756-L55A processor and 1756-A7/B rack. Remain Offline until you are ready to download the program.
12. Using the I/O Configuration insert the Ethernet interface that will be installed. Right click on the I/O Configuration, select New Module. Our example uses 1756-ENBT/A. Input the desired IP address and slot in the PLC. Refer to Figures 9 and 10.

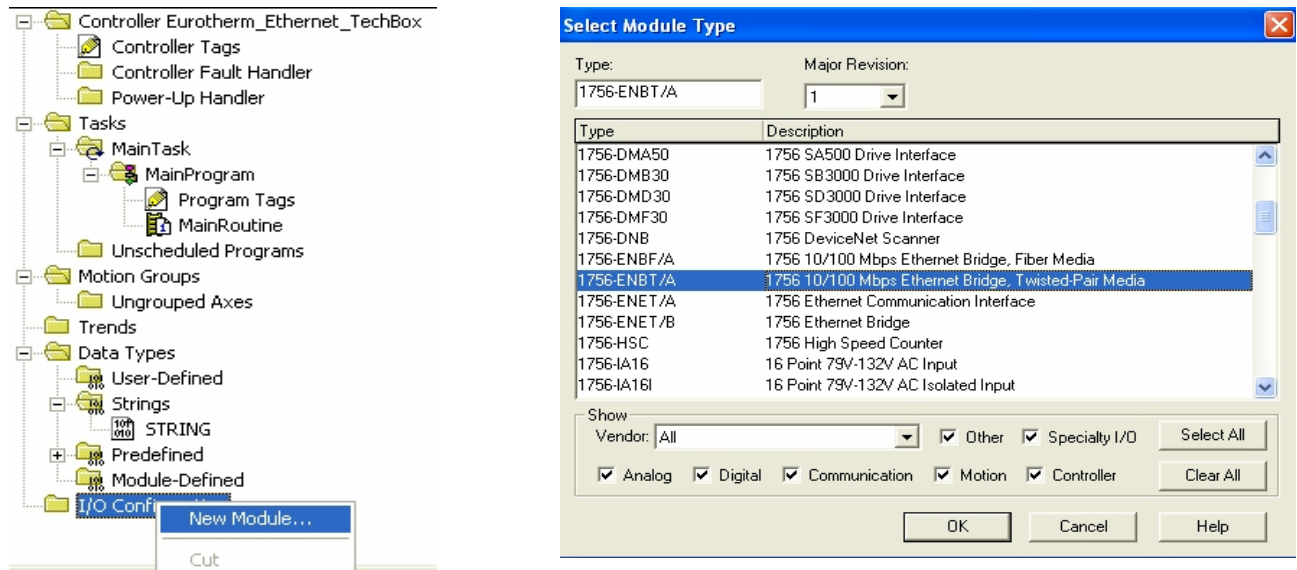


Figure 9. Ethernet Interface Selection

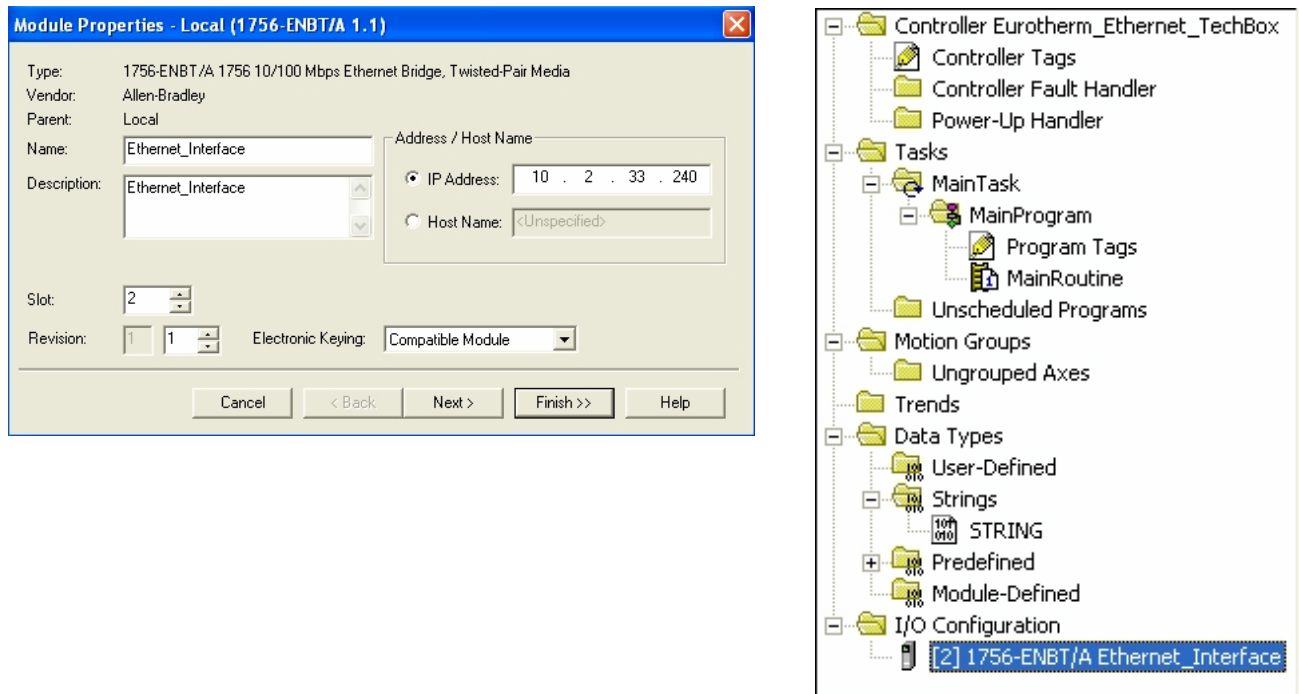


Figure 10. Ethernet Interface Setup

- Right click on the Ethernet Interface Module, select New Module. This screen will allow the selection of the Generic Ethernet Module. Refer to Figure 11.

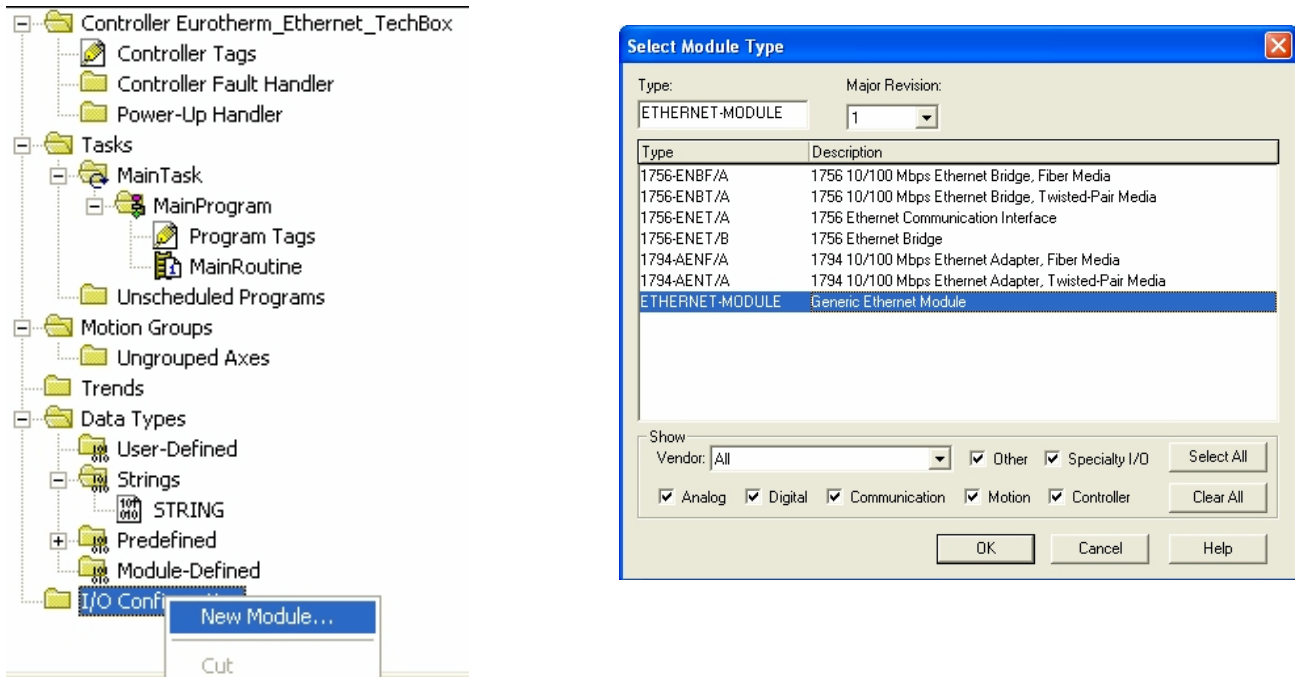


Figure 11. Generic Ethernet Module Select

- Input the desired module name and IP address. The Comms format will be DATA Int. (16 bit). The Input Assembly Instance is 100 and the Output Assembly Instance is 150. The data size for the 590 Plus is 10 words and the data size for the 690 Plus is 18 words. Refer to Figure 12.
- Click on Next to change the Requested Packet Interval (RPI). The default value of 10ms should be sufficient. If The RPI is set below 5ms unreliable communications will be experienced. Refer to Figure 12.

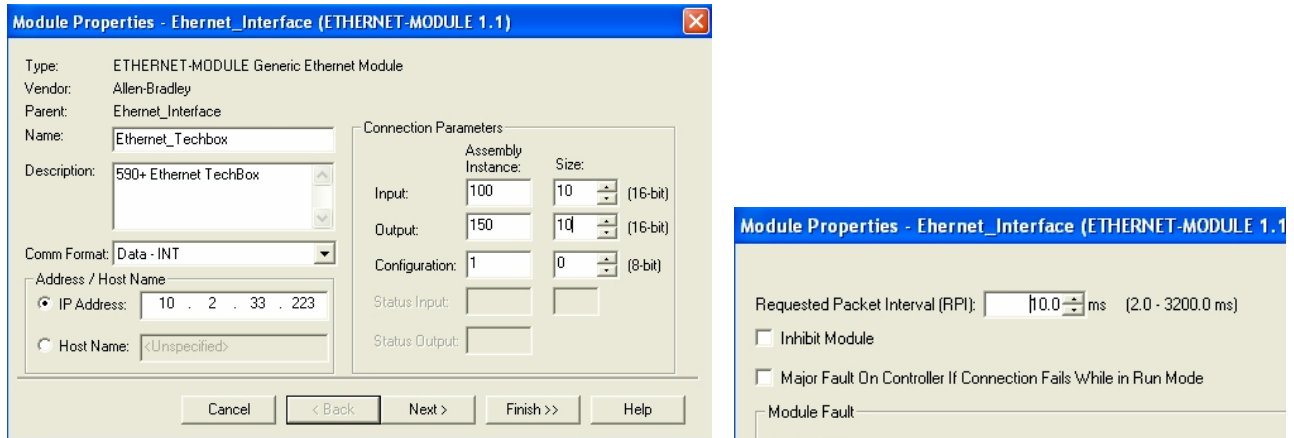


Figure 12. Generic Ethernet Module Setup

16. When completed with the setup of the Generic Ethernet Module it can be downloaded to the PLC. For testing purposes it is not necessary to program Ladder Logic in the PLC. The data can be accessed and monitored via Controller Tags. Refer to Figure 13.

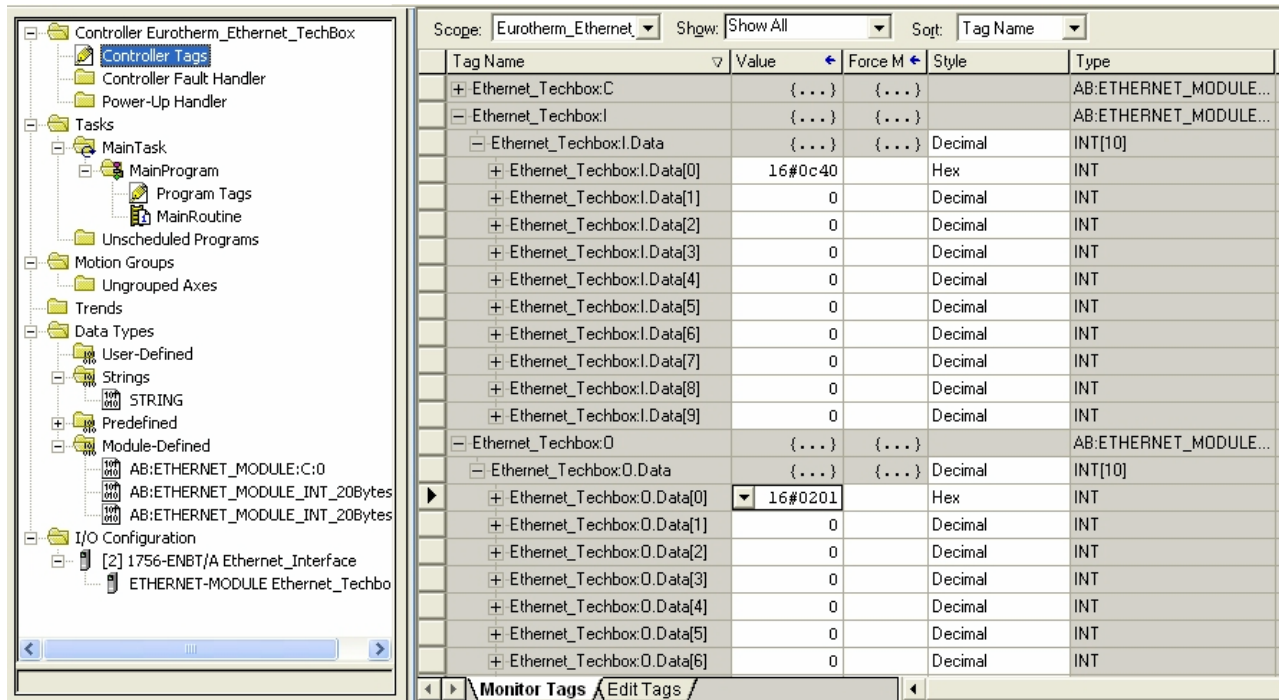


Figure 13. Controller Tags

17. When using the Ethernet/IP protocol the Technology Box needs to be programmed with the “BYTE SWAP” TRUE. This applies to Allen Bradley products and other manufactures using the Ethernet/IP protocol.

## Appendix A: Ethernet Error Codes

---

### Error Codes (Modbus Plus & SY/MAX Ethernet)

Error Status Register: 4xxxx + 1 (HEX)

Error Coding: Mmss where M = major code, m = minor code, ss = sub code

- n 16#1001: User initiated abort.
- n 16#20ss: Invalid command errors.
- n 16#30ss: Modbus slave exception response.
- n 16#4001: Inconsistent Modbus slave response.
- n 16#5001: Inconsistent network response.
- n 16#6mss: Routing failure.
- n 16#F001: Selected S985 option is not present.

### Invalid Command Errors

Error Status Register: 4xxxx+1 (HEX)

Error Coding: Mmss where M = major code, m = minor code, ss = sub code

- n 2001: Invalid operation type.
- n 2002: User parameter changed.
- n 2003: Invalid length.
- n 2004: Invalid offset.
- n 2005: Invalid length + offset.
- n 2006: Invalid SDDA (Slave Device Data Area).
- n 2007: Invalid SDNA (Slave Device Network Address).
- n 2008: Invalid SDNR (Slave Device Network Routing).
- n 2009: Invalid route (= own address).
  
- n 200A: Global read request > available.
- n 200B: Peer Cop conflict on write/read global data.
- n 200C: Bad pattern for change address request.
- n 200D: Bad address for change address request.

### Ethernet/Modbus Slave Exception Response

Error Status Register: 4xxxx+1 (HEX)

Error Coding: Mmss where M = major code, m = minor code, ss = sub code

- n 3001: Illegal function request (not available in slave).
- n 3002: Illegal data address (not configured in slave).
- n 3003: Illegal data value (Read/Write data not valid).
- n 3004: Not used (unknown error).
- n 3005: Slave accepted long duration program command.
- n 3006: Requested function cannot be performed due to long command in progress.
- n 3007: Slave rejected long program command.

## Routing Failures

Error Status Register: 4xxxx + 1 (HEX)

Error Coding: Mmss where M = major code, m = minor code, ss = sub code

Routing failure error code: 6mjj

- n 6m01: No response.
- n 6m02: Program access denied.
- n 6m03: Node is offline and unable to communicate.
- n 6m04: Exception response received.
- n 6m05: Route node data paths busy.
- n 6m06: Slave device down.
- n 6m07: Bad destination address.
- n 6m08: Invalid node type in routing.
- n 6m10: Slave rejected the Modbus command.
- n 6m20: Slave forgot initiated translation.
  
- n 6m40: Unexpected master output path received.
- n 6m80: Unexpected response received.

Note: m = index to location in the routing information where routing problem was discovered.

0 = local network station

1 = first device in route

2 = second device in route, etc.

## Ethernet/Modbus Slave Exception Response

Error Status Register: 4xxxx+1 (HEX)

Error Coding: Mmss where M = major code, m = minor code, ss = sub code

- n 3001: Illegal function request (not available in slave).
- n 3002: Illegal data address (not configured in slave).
- n 3003: Illegal data value (Read/Write data not valid).
- n 3004: Not used (unknown error).
- n 3005: Slave accepted long duration program command.
- n 3006: Requested function cannot be performed due to long command in progress.
- n 3007: Slave rejected long program command.

### Error Codes (Allen Bradley Communication Modules)

<b>Module Faults: 16#0001 - 16#00ff</b>		
Code:	String:	Explanation and Possible Causes/Solutions:
16#0004	Connection Request Error: Bad Segment	The controller is attempting to make a connection to the module and has received an error.
16#0005	Connection Request Error: Bad Class	The controller is attempting to make a connection to the module and has received an error
16#0008	Service Request Error: Unsupported Service	The controller is attempting to request a service from the module and has received an error.
16#0009	Module Configuration Invalid: parameter error.  Note: Additional Error Information for this fault will be displayed as a hex code on the Connection Tab.	The configuration for the module is invalid.  The module configuration may have been changed in the Tag Monitor or programmatically. Verify that the configuration is valid by using the module configuration software to validate your configuration.
16#000c	Service Request Error: Invalid mode/state for service request	The controller is attempting to request a service from the module and has received an error.Ensure that the module is not faulted. §  For a Discrete I/O module, this indicates that the module still has limited communications, but has a Major Fault or is currently being Flash Updated. Refer to the Module Info tab to determine the exact cause.
16#0013	Module Configuration Invalid: data size too small.	The configuration for the module is invalid – not enough configuration data was sent.
16#0015	Module Configuration Invalid: data size too large.	The configuration for the module is invalid – too much configuration data was sent.
16#0016	Service Request Error: Unknown Object	The controller is attempting to request a service from the module and has received an error.

<b>Module Faults: 16#0100 - 16#01ff</b>		
Code:	String:	Explanation and Possible Causes/Solutions:
16#0100	Connection Request Error: Module in Use.	The controller is attempting to make a specific connection to a module and the module cannot support more than one of these connections.
16#0103	Service Request Error: CIP transport class not supported.	The controller is requesting services not supported by the module.
16#0106	Connection Request Error: Module owned and configured by another controller.	The Connection Request to this module has been rejected due to an Ownership conflict with another Owner (e.g., another Controller). This may occur with modules such as output modules which only allow a single Owner to configure and control its outputs.
16#0108	Connection Request Error: Connection type not supported.	The controller is requesting a connection type not supported by the module.

<b>Module Faults: 16#0100 - 16#01ff</b>		
<b>Code:</b>	<b>String:</b>	<b>Explanation and Possible Causes/Solutions:</b>
16#0109	<p>Connection Request Error: Invalid connection size</p> <p>Note: Additional Error Information for this fault will be displayed as the tag name associated with the connection instance number that has the fault.</p>	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and cannot – the size of the connection is invalid.</p> <p>The controller may be attempting to connect to a tag in a producing controller whose size does not match the tag in this controller.</p>
16#0110	<p>Connection Request Error: Module not configured</p>	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a Listen Only connection with the module and cannot – the module has not been configured and connected to by an Owner (e.g., another Controller).</p> <p>This controller is not an Owner of this module since it is attempting to establish a Listen-Only connection, which requires no module configuration. It cannot connect until an Owner configures and connects to the module first.</p>
16#0111	<p>Requested Packet Interval (RPI) out of range.</p>	<p>The Requested Packet Interval (RPI) specified is invalid for this module or for a module in the path to this module.§</p> <p>For Listen-Only connections: the RPI set by the owner of this module is slower than the one requested. Either increase the requested RPI or decrease the RPI the owner controller is using. See the Connection tab for valid RPI values.</p>
16#0113	<p>Connection Request Error: Module connection limit exceeded.</p>	<p>This module (or a module in the path to this module) has exceeded its connection capacity. Reduce the total number of connections used by this module.</p>
16#0114	<p>Electronic Keying Mismatch: Electronic Keying product code mismatch.</p>	<p>The Product Code of the actual module hardware does not match the Product Code of the module created in the software.</p> <p>Electronic Keying failed for this module. You may have a mismatch between the module created in the software and the actual module hardware.</p>
16#0115	<p>Electronic Keying Mismatch: Electronic Keying product type mismatch.</p>	<p>The Product Type of the actual module hardware does not match the Product Type of the module created in the software.</p> <p>Electronic Keying failed for this module. You may have a mismatch between the module created in the software and the actual module hardware.</p>
16#0116	<p>Electronic Keying Mismatch: Major and/or Minor revision invalid or incorrect</p>	<p>The Major and/or Minor revisions of the module do not match the Major and/or Minor revisions of the module created in the software.</p> <p>Ensure that you have specified the correct Major and Minor Revision if you have chosen Compatible Module or Exact Match keying.</p> <p>Electronic Keying failed for this module. You may have a mismatch between the module created in the software and the actual module hardware.</p>

<b>Module Faults: 16#0100 - 16#01ff</b>		
<b>Code:</b>	<b>String:</b>	<b>Explanation and Possible Causes/Solutions:</b>
16#0117	<p>Connection Request Error: Invalid Connection Point.</p> <p>Note: Additional Error Information for this fault appears as the tag name associated with the controller to controller (C2C) that has the fault.</p>	<p>The controller is attempting to make a connection to the module and has received an error.</p> <p>Another controller owns this module and has connected with a Communications Format different than the one chosen by this controller.</p> <p>Ensure that the Communications Format chosen is identical to that chosen by the first owner controller of the module.</p> <p>The controller may be attempting to connect to a non-existent tag in a producing controller.</p>
16#0118	Module Configuration Invalid: format error	The configuration for the module is invalid.
16#0119	Connection Request Error: Module does not have an owner	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a listen-only connection with the module and cannot – the module does not have an owner.</p> <p>This fault may temporarily occur when the system is powered up and will be cleared when an owner controller connects to and configures the module.</p>
16#011a	Connection Request Error: Out of Connection Resources	The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and cannot – resources required are unavailable.



















<b>Module Faults: 16#0200 - 16#02ff</b>		
<b>Code:</b>	<b>String:</b>	<b>Explanation and Possible Causes/Solutions:</b>
16#0203	Connection timed out.	<p>The connection to this module has been interrupted causing a loss of communication.</p> <p>Ensure that the module has not been removed and is still functioning and is receiving power.</p> <p>Ensure that the network connection to this module has not been interrupted.</p> <p>Note: If a connection to an output module times out and the output module supports Fault Mode and the output module is still functioning, its outputs will transition to the configured Fault Mode.</p>
16#0204	Connection Request Error: Connection request timed out.	<p>The controller is attempting to make a connection to the module and the module is not responding.</p> <p>The controller is not able to communicate with the module. Ensure that the module has not been removed and is still functioning and is receiving power.</p> <p>Ensure you have entered the correct slot number. Ensure that the network connection to the module has not been interrupted.</p>
16#0205	Connection Request Error: Invalid parameter.	The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error – a parameter is in error.
16#0206	Connection Request Error: request size too large.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error – the request size is too large.</p> <p>Ensure that the path to this module is sufficiently close to the controller.</p>

<b>Module Faults: 16#0300 - 16#03ff</b>		
<b>Code:</b>	<b>String:</b>	<b>Explanation and Possible Causes/Solutions:</b>
16#0301	Connection Request Error: Out of buffer memory.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error – a module in the path is out of memory.</p> <p>The controller may be attempting to connect to a tag in a producing controller that is not marked as being produced.</p> <p>The controller may be attempting to connect to a tag in a producing controller. That tag may not be configured to allow enough consumers.§ Reduce the size or number of connections through this module.</p> <p>One of the network modules between the module and the controller may be out of memory. Check network configuration of the system.</p> <p>The module may be out of memory. Check system configuration and capabilities of module.</p>
16#0302	Connection Request Error: Out of communication bandwidth.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error – a module in the path has exceeded its communication bandwidth capacity. Increase the Requested Packet Interval (RPI).</p> <p>Distribute the load on another bridge module.</p>
16#0303	Connection Request Error: No bridge available.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error – a module in the path has exceeded its communication bandwidth capacity. Distribute the load on another bridge module.</p>
16#0311	Connection Request Error: Invalid port.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error.</p>
16#0312	Connection Request Error: Invalid link address.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error – an invalid link address has been specified. A link address can be a slot number, a network address, or the Remote I/O Rack number and starting group.</p> <p>Ensure that the chosen slot number for this module is not greater than the size of the rack.</p>
16#0315	Connection Request Error: Invalid segment type.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error – the connection request is invalid.</p>
16#0317	Connection Request Error: Connection not scheduled.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error.</p>
16#0319	Connection Request Error: No secondary resources available in redundant chassis.	<p>The controller is attempting to set up a connection with the module and has received an error – the redundant module does not have the necessary resources to support the connection.</p> <p>Reduce the size or number of connections through this module or add another Controller.</p>
16#031d	Connection Request Error: Tag not published.	<p>The controller is attempting to connect to a tag in a producing controller and has received an error.</p> <p>The controller may be attempting to connect to a tag in a producing controller and that tag is not marked as 'published'.</p>

<b>Module Faults: 16#0300 - 16#03ff</b>		
<b>Code:</b>	<b>String:</b>	<b>Explanation and Possible Causes/Solutions:</b>
16#031e	Connection Request Error: Cannot consume tag.	<p>The controller is attempting to connect to a tag in a producing controller and has received an error.</p> <p>The controller is attempting to connect to a tag in a producing controller and that tag has already been used by too many consumers. Increase the maximum number of consumers on the tag.</p>

## Appendix B: Troubleshooting

### 6053/6055 Ethernet Technology Option Status LED

LED Indications		Cause/Symptom	Remedy
NETWORK	MODULE		
 (OFF)		No power at the drive.	Check and apply power to the drive.
		Technology Option not installed correctly.	Check connections between Technology Option and drive. On 690B, check the ribbon cable.
		Hardware fault. <b>690B WARNING:</b> Remove the terminal cover and the Technology Option whilst connected to see the drive's HEALTH and RUN LEDs. <b>BEWARE OF ELECTRIC SHOCK.</b>	If HEALTH and RUN LEDs are OFF, replace the drive, or replace the Technology Option.
		Self test failed	Commission the Technology Option correctly Hardware fault
		Incorrect Technology Option fitted or selected	Select the matching value for the TYPE parameter in the TEC OPTION function block. (TYPE = ETHERNET).
		No network connection. Disabled or initialising.	Valid set-up, ready for external communications
		No network connection	Connection refused - scanner problems
		Forced listen mode Checking for moderator Duplicate Node ID	
		Network Connection; no faults	Normal operating state.

## Returning the Unit to Eurotherm Drives

Please have the following information available:

- The model and serial number - see the unit's rating label
- Details of the fault

Contact your nearest Eurotherm Drives Service Centre to arrange return of the item.

You will be given a *Returned Material Authorisation*. Use this as a reference on all paperwork you return with the faulty item. Pack and despatch the item in the original packing materials; or at least an anti-static enclosure. Do not allow packaging chips to enter the unit.

## Disposal

This product contains materials which are consignable waste under the Special Waste Regulations 1996 which complies with the EC Hazardous Waste Directive - Directive 91/689/EEC.

We recommend you dispose of the appropriate materials in accordance with the valid environmental control laws. The following table shows which materials can be recycled and which have to be disposed of in a special way.

Material	Recycle	Disposal
metal	yes	no
plastics material	yes	no
printed circuit board	no	yes

The printed circuit board should be disposed of in one of two ways:

1. High temperature incineration (minimum temperature 1200°C) by an incinerator authorised under parts A or B of the Environmental Protection Act
2. Disposal in an engineered land fill site that is licensed to take aluminium electrolytic capacitors.  
Do not dispose of in a land fill site set aside for domestic waste.

## Packaging

During transport our products are protected by suitable packaging. This is entirely environmentally compatible and should be taken for central disposal as secondary raw material.

## Appendix C: External Control of the Drive

### 590+

#### REM. SEQUENCE

Tag 536, Mnemonic "ow" EI ASCII, Default = 0x0000

Reserved bits are undefined when read and should be set Zero when written.

Bit Number	Mask	Name	Comment
0 (lsb)	0x0001	Remote Enable	
1	0x0002	Remote Start	
2	0x0004	Remote Jog	
3	0x0008	Remote Jog Mode	Selects Jog Speed
4	0x0010	Reserved	
5	0x0020	Reserved	
6	0x0040	Reserved	
7	0x0080	Reserved	
8	0x0100	Remote Alarm Ack	Alarm Acknowledge
9	0x0200	Remote/Remote Trip	Remote Trip (High for OK)
10	0x0400	Reserved	
11	0x0800	Reserved	
12	0x1000	Reserved	
13	0x2000	Reserved	
14	0x4000	Reserved	
15	0x8000	Reserved	

#### Useful commands using EI-ASCII - REM. SEQUENCE

Tag 536, Mnemonic "ow", Default = 0x0C07

	/Remote Trip	Alarm Ack	Jog Mode	Jog	Start	Enable	Command
Start Drive	1	0	X	0	1	1	0x0203
Stop Drive	1	0	X	0	0	1	0x0201
Disable Drive	1	0	X	X	X	0	0x0200
Jog Setpoint 1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0x0205
Jog Setpoint 2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0x020C
Remote Trip	0	0	X	X	X	X	0x0000
Reset Alarm a)	1	1	0	0	0	0	0x0300
Reset Alarm b)							Healthy Output Bit 11
Reset Alarm c)	1	0	50	0	0	0	0x0200

**Drive Enable**

To enable the drive in remote mode the following parameters must be TRUE:  
REM.SEQ.ENABLE [535] and REM SEQUENCE [536] BIT 1.

**Drive Start**

To start the drive in remote mode the following parameters must be TRUE:  
REM.SEQ.ENABLE [535] and REM SEQUENCE [536] BIT 0.

**Drive Jog**

To jog the drive in remote mode the following parameters must be TRUE:  
REM.SEQ.ENABLE [535] and REM SEQUENCE [536] BIT 3.

**Jog Mode**

To select the jog setpoint in remote mode the following parameters must be TRUE:  
REM.SEQ.ENABLE [535] and REM SEQUENCE [536] BIT 4.

**ACK Alarm**

To acknowledge an alarm the following parameter must be TRUE:  
REM SEQUENCE [536] BIT 8.

*NOTE: if remote sequencing is not enabled then REM SEQUENCE [536] BIT 8 is forced TRUE.*

**SEQ STATUS**

Tag 537, Mnemonic "ox" – EI ASCII (Read Only) , Default = 0x0000

Reserved bits are undefined when read.

Bit Number	Mask	Name	Comment
0 (lsb)	0x0001	Coast Stop	Coast Stop demanded
1	0x0002	Program Stop	Program (Fast) Stop demanded
2	0x0004	Disable	/Enable demanded
3	0x0008	Run	Drive Start demanded
4	0x0010	Jog	Drive Jog demanded
5	0x0020	Reserved	Undefined
6	0x0040	Alarm	Unacknowledged alarm (Health Store! = 0)
7	0x0080	Reserved	Undefined
8	0x0100	Running	Contactors in and drive ready to be enabled
9	0x0200	Enabled	Drive is enabled.
10	0x0400	Zero Speed	Zero speed Output TAG 17
11	0x0800	Healthy Output	Healthy Output TAG 12
12	0x1000	Ready	Ready Output TAG 559
13	0x2000	Reserved	Undefined
14	0x4000	Reserved	Undefined
15	0x8000	Reserved	Undefined

**Useful Bit Patterns and Status Words**

Sequence Status	Status Words		Comment
Binary	Decimal	Hexadecimal	
0001 1011 0000 1011	6923	0x1B0B	Running
0000 0100 0100 1011	1099	0x044B	Tripped, Run High
0000 0100 0100 0111	1095	0x0447	Tripped, Run Low, Enable Low
0000 1100 0100 0111	3143	0x0C47	Trip Acknowledged, Healthy o/p TRUE Alarm stays high until drive is restarted.

**Remote Trip Alarm**

The Remote trip alarm is designed to signal a network fault to the drive. When using the Ethernet interface, all outputs are set to zero on link fail. If one of the outputs is REM SEQUENCE [536] the drive will trip after a delay specified by REM TRIP DELAY (541). The Drive will then need a low -> high transition on ACK Alarm and Start before the drive may run again.

REM TRIP INHIBIT [540]	REM TRIP DELAY [541]	REMOTE TRIP [542]
Disable remote trip.	Delay before trip becomes active after bit being cleared.	Status of the Remote trip alarm, OK, Warning (Remote Seq Bit 9 FALSE and delay not expired), Active (Trip active, timer expired and remote not inhibited).

**690+****Communications Command**

When sequencing is in the Remote Comms mode, the sequencing of the Inverter is controlled by writing to the hidden parameter COMMS COMMAND (Tag 271). This parameter can only be written to using a communications interface. The output parameter (Tag 273) COMMS CONTROL of the COMMS CONTROL function block is provided as a diagnostic.

The COMMS COMMAND parameter is a 16-bit word based on standard fieldbus drive profiles. Some bits are not implemented in this release (see “Supported” column of the table below).

Bit	Name	Description	Supported	Required Value
0	Switch On	OFF1 Operational	√	
1	(Not) Disable Voltage	OFF2 Coast Stop	√	
2	(Not) Quick Stop	OFF3 Fast Stop	√	
3	Enable Operation		√	
4	Enable Ramp Output	=0 to set ramp output to zero		1
5	Enable Ramp	=0 to hold ramp		1
6	Enable Ramp Input	=0 to set ramp input to zero		1
7	Reset Fault	Reset on 0 to 1 transition	√	
8				0
9				0
10	Remote	=1 to control remotely		1
11				0
12				0
13				0
14				0
15				0

**Switch On**

Replaces the RUN FWD, RUN REV and NOT STOP parameters of the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block. When Set (=1) is the same as:

RUN FWD = TRUE  
 RUN REV = FALSE  
 NOT STOP = FALSE

When Cleared (= 0) is the same as :

RUN FWD = FALSE  
 RUN REV = FALSE  
 NOT STOP = FALSE

**(Not) Disable Voltage**

ANDed with the NOT COAST STOP parameter of the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.  
When both are Set (=1) is the same as:

= TRUE

When either or both Cleared (= 0) is the same as:

NOT COAST STOP = FALSE

**(Not) Quick Stop**

ANDed with the NOT FAST STOP parameter on the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.  
When both are Set (=1) is the same as:

NOT FAST STOP = TRUE

When either or both Cleared (= 0) is the same as:

NOT FAST STOP = FALSE

**Enable Operation**

ANDed with the DRIVE ENABLE parameter on the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.  
When both are Set (=1) is the same as:

DRIVE ENABLE = TRUE

When either or both Cleared (= 0) is the same as:

DRIVE ENABLE = FALSE

**Enable Ramp Output, Enable Ramp, Enable Ramp Input**

Not implemented. The state of these bits must be set (=1) to allow this feature to be added in the future.

**Reset Fault**

Replaces the REM TRIP RESET parameter on the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block. When Set (=1) is the same as:

REM TRIP RESET = TRUE

When Cleared (= 0) is the same as:

REM TRIP RESET = FALSE

**Remote**

Not implemented. It is intended to allow the PLC to toggle between local and remote. The state of this must be set (=1) to allow this feature to be added in the future.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Example Commands</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">RUN 0x047F</p> <p style="text-align: center;">STOP 0x047E</p>
---

### Communications Status

The COMMS STATUS parameter (Tag 272) in the COMMS CONTROL function block monitors the sequencing of the Inverter. It is a 16-bit word based on standard fieldbus drive profiles. Some bits are not implemented in the initial release and are set to 0 (see “Supported” column of the table below).

Bit	Name	Description	Supported
0	Ready To Switch On		√
1	Switched On	Ready for operation (refer control bit 0)	√
2	Operation Enabled	(refer control bit 3)	√
3	Fault	Tripped	√
4	(Not) Voltage Disabled	OFF 2 Command pending	√
5	(Not) Quick Stop	OFF 3 Command pending	√
6	Switch On Disable	Switch On Inhibited	√
7	Warning		
8	SP / PV in Range		
9	Remote	= 1 if Drive will accept Command Word	√
10	Target Reached	= 1 if at Setpoint	√ (v5.6 onwards)
11	Internal Limit Active	= 1 if current or torque limiting	√ (v5.6 onwards)
12			
13			
14			
15			

#### Ready To Switch On

Same as the SWITCH ON ENABLE output parameter of the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.

#### Switched On

Same as the SWITCHED ON output parameter of the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.

#### Operation Enabled

Same as the RUNNING output parameter of the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.

#### Fault

Same as the TRIPPED output parameter of the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.

#### (Not) Voltage Disabled

If in Remote Comms mode, this is the same as Bit 1 of the COMMS COMMAND parameter. Otherwise it is the same as the NOT COAST STOP input parameter of the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.

#### (Not) Quick Stop

If in Remote Comms mode, this is the same as Bit 2 of the COMMS COMMAND parameter. Otherwise it is the same as the NOT FAST STOP input parameter of the SEQUENCING LOGIC function block.

#### Switch On Disable

Set (=1) only when in START DISABLED state; refer to the product software manual Section 4 Sequencing Logic States.

**Remote**

This bit is set (= 1) if the Inverter is in Remote mode AND the parameter REMOTE COMMS SEL of the COMMS CONTROL function block is Set (= 1).

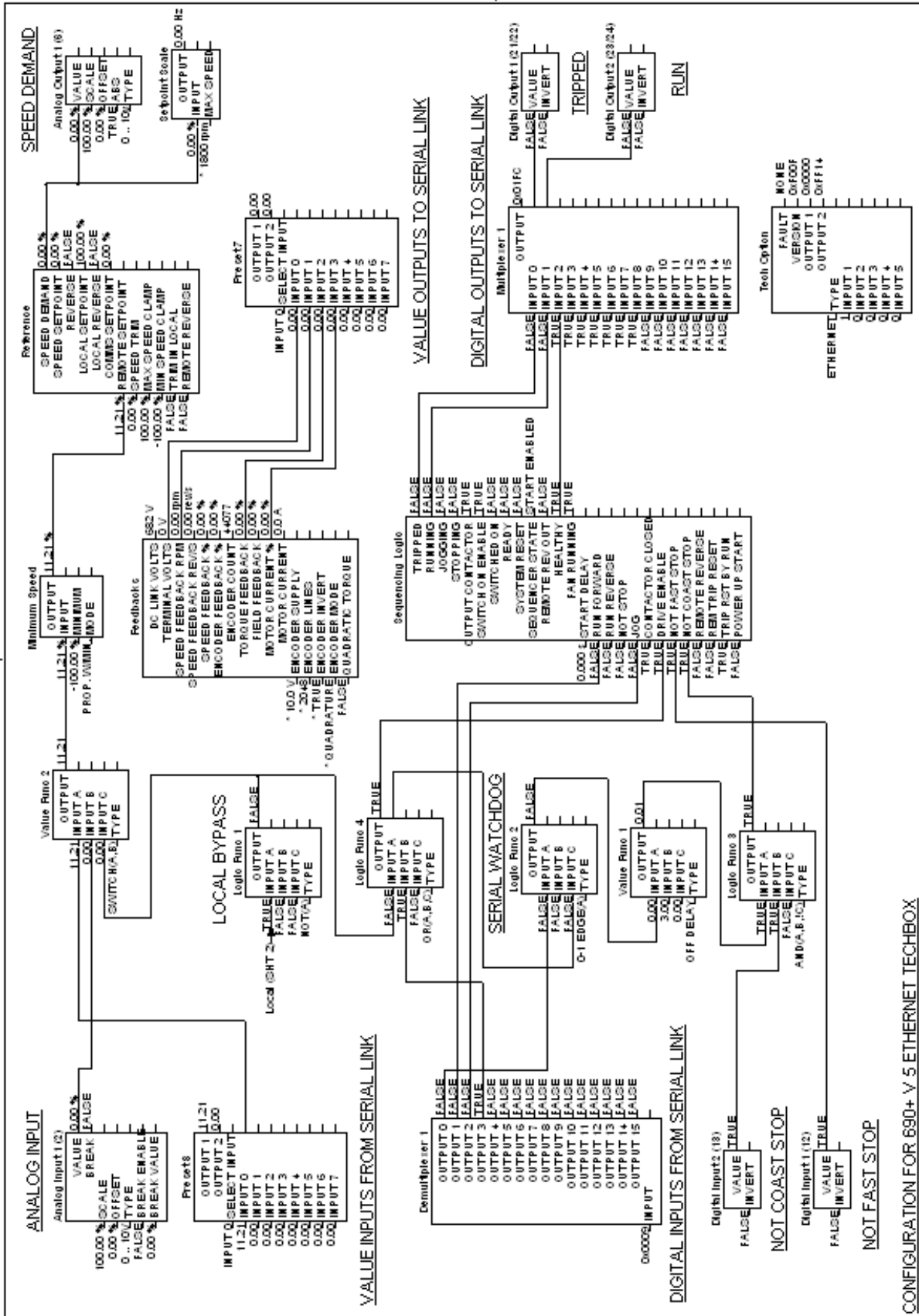
**Target Reached**

This bit is set (= 1) if the Inverter is at Speed Setpoint. It is also set when the Inverter is in the Stopped state.

**Internal limit Active**


This bit is set (= 1) if the Inverter is in current or torque limit.





CONFIGURATION FOR 690+ V 5 ETHERNET TECHBOX

<p><b>Important!</b> Configurations display configurable connections and parameters only.</p>	<p>D/VM CHK APP</p>	<p>C:\PROGRAMS\16ELITE-1\MEMSDRIVER\41ETH165.690</p>	<p>SCALE 1</p>	<p>05 Feb 03</p>
		<p>SCALE 1</p>	<p>SHEET</p>	<p>1 OF 8</p>

ISS.	MODIFICATION	ECN No.	DATE	DRAWN	CHK'D
1	Initial issue of HA468030U001	16551	27/02/04	CM	TL
FIRST USED ON		MODIFICATION RECORD  6053/6055 Ethernet Communications Interface			
 <b>EUROTHERM DRIVES</b>		DRAWING NUMBER  HA468030			SHT. 1  OF 1